Information to identify the case:								
Debtor 1:	Barbara Giannantonio	Social Security number or ITIN: xxx-xx-2822						
	First Name Middle Name Last Name	EIN:						
Debtor 2: (Spouse, if filing)	First Name Middle Name Last Name	Social Security number or ITIN:						
United States Bankr	uptcy Court: Southern District of New York	Date case filed for chapter: 13 5/10/23						
Case number:	23-22356-cgm							

Official Form 309I

Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case

10/20

For the debtor(s) listed above, a case has been filed under chapter 13 of the Bankruptcy Code. An order for relief has been entered.

This notice has important information about the case for creditors, debtors, and trustees, including information about the meeting of creditors and deadlines. Read both pages carefully.

The filing of the case imposed an automatic stay against most collection activities. This means that creditors generally may not take action to collect debts from the debtors, the debtors' property, and certain codebtors. For example, while the stay is in effect, creditors cannot sue, garnish wages, assert a deficiency, repossess property, or otherwise try to collect from the debtors. Creditors cannot demand repayment from debtors by mail, phone, or otherwise. Creditors who violate the stay can be required to pay actual and punitive damages and attorney's fees. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although debtors can ask the court to extend or impose a stay.

Confirmation of a chapter 13 plan may result in a discharge. Creditors who assert that the debtors are not entitled to a discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 1328(f) must file a motion objecting to discharge in the bankruptcy clerk's office within the deadline specified in this notice. Creditors who want to have their debt excepted from discharge may be required to file a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the same deadline. (See line 13 below for more information.)

To protect your rights, consult an attorney. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below or through PACER (Public Access to Court Electronic Records at https://pacer.uscourts.gov).

The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office and the office of the U.S. Trustee cannot give legal advice.

To help creditors correctly identify debtors, debtors submit full Social Security or Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers, which may appear on a version of this notice. However, the full numbers must not appear on any document filed with the court.

Do not file this notice with any proof of claim or other filing in the case. Do not include more than the last four digits of a Social Security or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number in any document, including attachments, that you file with the court.

1	Debtor's full name	About Debtor 1: Barbara Giannantonio	About Debtor 2:
2.	All other names used in the last 8 years		
3.	Address	82 Remsen Circle Yonkers, NY 10710	
4.	Debtor's attorney Name and address	Richard S. Abbate 120 Bloomingdale Road Suite 100 White Plains, NY 10605	Contact phone (914) 358–9222 Email: <u>rabblaw@aol.com</u>
5.	Bankruptcy trustee Name and address	Krista M. Preuss Chapter 13 Standing Trustee 399 Knollwood Road White Plains, NY 10603	Contact phone (914) 328–6333 Email: <u>info@ch13kp.com</u>
6.	Bankruptcy clerk's office Documents in this case may be filed at this address. You may inspect all records filed in	300 Quarropas Street White Plains, NY 10601 Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court:	Office Hours: Monday – Friday 8:30 AM – 5:00 PM Contact phone 914–467–7250
	this case at this office or online at pacer.uscourts.gov.	Vito Genna	Date: 5/10/23

For more information, see page 2

Debtor Barbara Giannantonio Case number 23–22356–cgm

7.	Meeting of creditors Debtors must attend the meeting to be questioned under oath. In a joint case, both spouses must attend. Creditors may attend, but are not required to do so.	June 9, 2023 at 11:00 AM The meeting may be continued or adjourned to a later date. If so, the date will be on the court docket. Debtor should bring this notice to the first meeting of creditors, together with any other documents requested by the trustee.	Location: Teleconference *ONLY*, Contact Trustee (see Trustee Section), for direction			
		Cell phones are not permitted in the Courthouse without an Attorney Secure Pass which can be obtained at the U.S. District Court Clerk's Office.				
8.	Confirmation hearing Debtors must attend the Confirmation hearing.	August 23, 2023 at 09:05 AM	Location: Contact chambers for Zoom Meeting ID, and Password, CGM Zoom Videoconference			
9.	Deadlines The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive these documents and any required filing fee by the following	Deadline to file a complaint to challenge discharge to certain debts:	argeability of	Filing deadline: 8/8/23		
	deadlines.	 You must file: a motion if you assert that the debtors are not entitled to receive a discharge under U.S.C. § 1328(f) or a complaint if you want to have a particular debt excepted from discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(2) or (4). 				
		Deadline to object to confirmation:		Filing deadline: 8/14/23		
		Deadline for all creditors to file a proof of claim (except governmental units):		Filing deadline: 7/19/23		
		Deadline for governmental units to file a proof of claim (except as otherwise provided in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3002(c)(1)):		Filing deadline: 180 days after the date of the order for relief		
		Deadline for holder(s) of a claim secured by a security interest Filing deadline: 7/19/23 in the principal residence pursuant to Rule 3002(c)(7)(A):				
	All Proofs of Claim must be filed electronically on the Court's website or mailed to the court at the address listed in section 6.	Deadlines for filing proof of claim: A proof of claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. A proof of claim form may be obtained at www.uscourts.gov or any bankruptcy clerk's office. If you do not file a proof of claim by the deadline, you might not be paid on your claim. To be paid, you must file a proof of claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules that the debtor filed. Secured creditors retain rights in their collateral regardless of whether they file a proof of claim. Filing a proof of claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a proof of claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial.				
		Deadline to object to exemptions: The law permits debtors to keep certain property as exempt. If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption claimed, you may file an objection.	Filing deadline:	30 days after the conclusion of the meeting of creditors		
10). Filing of plan	The debtor is required to file a plan setting forth how the debtor's creditors are to be paid pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code. You may inspect the plan, at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at pacer.uscourts.gov.				
11	. Creditors with a foreign address	If you are a creditor receiving a notice mailed to a foreign address, you may file a motion asking the coul extend the deadline in this notice. Consult an attorney familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you hany questions about your rights in this case.				
12	2. Filing a chapter 13 bankruptcy case	Filing a chapter 13 Chapter 13 allows an individual with regular income and debts below a specified amount to adjust debts				
13	. Exempt property	The law allows debtors to keep certain property as exempt. Fully exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors, even if the case is converted to chapter 7. Debtors must file a list of property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at https://pacer.uscourts.gov . If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption that debtors claimed, you may file an objection by the deadline.				
14	. Discharge of debts	Confirmation of a chapter 13 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of a debt. However, unless the court orders otherwise, the debts will not be discharged until all payments under the plan are made. A discharge means that creditors may never try to collect the debt from the debtors personally except as provided in the plan. If you want to have a particular debt excepted from discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(2) or (4), you must file a complaint and pay the filing fee in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the deadline. If you believe that the debtors are not entitled to a discharge of any of their debts under 11 U.S.C. § 1328(f), you must file a motion by the deadline.				